

ADDRESSING THE NEEDS OF THE GERIATRIC VETERAN POPULATION GERIATRIC SERVICES AT PVAHS

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Baby Boomers

60s vs. 00s

• THEN

- Long hair
- KEG
- Acid Rock
- Hoping for a BMW
- Rolling Stones
- Peace sign

• NOW

- Longing for hair
- EKG
- Acid Reflux
- Hoping for a BM
- Kidney stones
- Mercedes logo

HOME BASED PRIMARY CARE

- Multidisciplinary team
 - Physician
 - Nurse/Nurse Practitioner
 - Clinical Pharmacist
 - Social Worker
 - Clinical Psychology
 - Dietician
- In - home visits for home-bound frail elderly
- 300 Patients with goal of 500

Community Home Care

- Skilled home nursing care
 - IV therapy
 - Wounds
 - Medication management
- Non-skilled nursing care
 - Homemaker services
 - Bathing
 - Personal care
- In Home Respite
- Home Hospice – community partners

Community Living Center

- Residential facility attached to VAMC
- 45 beds
- Short-term stays

Subacute Rehabilitation

Wound care

Inpatient hospice

Transitional unit (homeless, “social” admits to hospital)

Community Skilled Nursing Home Care

- 125 veterans at private contracted community NH
- 3 star CMS rating or higher
- 70% Service - connected or higher
- 30 days annual respite care
- Hospice/EOL care for up to two months
- Subacute rehab to long-term care
- AZ State Veterans Home

Outpatient Services

- GeriPact (Patient-Aligned Care Team)
 - Primary Care services specific to geriatrics
 - Age >65, dementia, multiple chronic conditions, frailty
 - Multidisciplinary – physician, nurse, social work, pharmacist, PT/OT
 - Focus on maintaining/improving functional status
 - “De-prescribing” – reduce polypharmacy
 - Caregiver support – dementia patients
- Palliative Care
 - Patients with serious/life-limiting illness – cancer, dementia, organ failure (heart, lung, kidney, liver)
 - Focus on goals of care, symptom management
 - Collaborate with community hospice organizations

TeleHealth

- Reduces burden of travel to clinics for frail elderly population
- Simple, VA-provided technology as needed
- Telemedicine – phone/video
- Communication and/or “virtual examinations”
- Primary Care
- Palliative Care
- Specialty consultation



VA LIFE-SUSTAINING TREATMENT DECISIONS INITIATIVE

VA



U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs

Veterans Health Administration
National Center for Ethics in Health Care



"There's no easy way I can tell you this, so I'm sending you to someone who can."

VA Life-Sustaining Treatment Decisions Initiative

National quality improvement initiative to promote personalized, proactive, patient-driven care for Veterans with serious illness

Desired outcomes:

The values, goals, and life-sustaining treatment decisions of Veterans with serious illness are proactively elicited, documented, and honored

LST Decisions Initiative

- Promotes proactive, high quality goals of care conversations with high risk patients
- Promotes improved documentation of goals of care and life-sustaining treatment decisions



Proactive Goals of Care Conversations

Patients – “high risk”

- At risk for a life-threatening clinical event within the next 1-2 years
- Prior to medical crisis, in the outpatient setting whenever possible
- Can be identified through clinical judgment (“surprise” question) and objective screening tools (e.g., CAN* scores in Primary Care)
- Or patients who express the desire to limit life-sustaining treatment

Clinicians who care for high-risk patients

- Multiple disciplines: discuss values, goals, preferences with patients and surrogates
- Physicians, residents, APRNs, and PAs: confirm LST plan and write LST progress notes/orders

* CAN = Care Assessment Need: indicates risk of hospitalization or death

Questions?